(Material Samples Brochure)



### Rubber is amazing; Rubber is versatile; Rubber is infinite

Nowadays, rubber has come to be identified and called an elastic material that is rich with stretching properties.

First, there is natural rubber which is made by latex in tree sap. Then, there is synthetic rubber which has been artificially synthesized.

Research and development on both of these has advanced depending on the needs of society as well as people's lives, and a surprisingly high level of performance has been achieved.

High-performance rubber is a material in which the strength, elasticity, heat resistance, cold resistance and abrasion resistance has been further improved, with the feature of having an elastic body.

At Moriteq, we have a complete range of different materials required by our customers; from basic rubber to high performance rubber, as well as sponge, Teflon, cork and felt. We can respond to your demands with a diverse inventory and stable supply system.



**MORITE** 

Before Using the Materials Guide

Please read, in order to make the best use of this Materials Guide.

**(Each material and specification)** 

#### **Actual Material**

Please check the hardness and texture of the material by touching this sheet.

#### **Material Number**

Cutting and Grinding

This is linked to the number in the brochure.

ardness:  $A50^{\circ}(\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 1.60 Features: \*Inexpensive as a rubber

material

ть (тепы... strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 8.3 (85)

the test conditions:  $30 (70^{\circ}C [158^{\circ}F] \times 22h)$ 

Seals, rubber mats,

Physical Properties Data

industrial cushioning

EB (Elongation at break): 570%

#### Hardness -

**Material Name** 

The figure in the parenthesis () lists the hardness tolerance.

#### **Features**

The basic features of the materials are described with symbols.

#### Physical Properties Data

The physical properties data of each type of rubber are described.

The content of the data varies depending on the material.

TB: Based on JIS K 6251

EB: Based on JIS K 6251

CS: Based on JIS K 6262

TR: Based on JIS K 6262

Others that are based on ASTMD638 are listed separately. However, the data values are the experiment values of each manufacturer and are not quaranteed values.

### Soft Black Rubber (NR)

Bondina

Thickness

It is possible to prepare the material to a thickness within the range listed.

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Material Number

This is linked to the number in the

brochure.

\*Please feel free to inquire even about thicknesses that are not listed here.

#### **Processing Difficulty**

The processing difficulty of the material is described in three levels:

O Processing: Good

O Processing: Average

△ Processing: A little difficult

Discussions necessary

\*The processing difficultly level is only a guide and also depends on the shape and dimensions.

#### [Features Symbols]



Abrasion resistance



Heat resistance



Insulation resistance



Impact resilience



Elasticity



Ozone resistance



Flame retardant



Gasoline resistance



Elongation



Chemical resistance



Rebound resilience



Heat insulation resistance



Weather resistance



Water resistance



Cold resistance



Oil resistance



RoHS compliant



Foodstuff compatible Ministry of Health and Welfare Notification No. 201 (formerly No. 85) \*The data for each material may vary somewhat depending on the manufacturer.

\*Due to aging, it is especially light-colored materials that may fade.

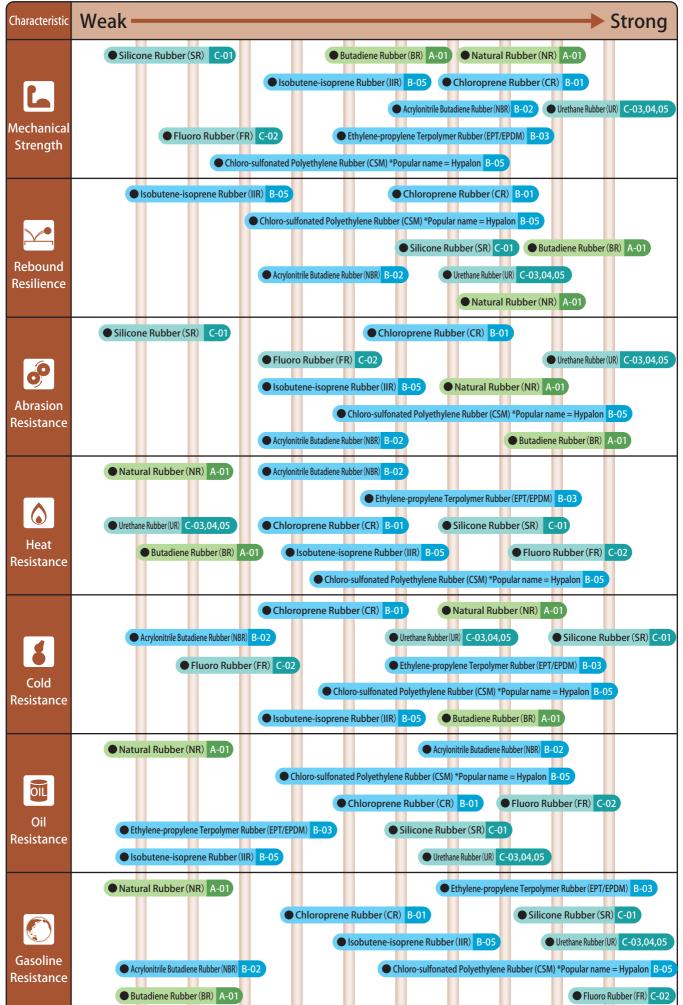


#### Index from Characteristics

[Way to read the display]

Material Name Page Number

Sificone (SR) C-01





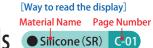
### **Index from Applications**



	w.monteq.co.jp					
	Application	Recommended Material				
1	General industry Seals, rubber mats and cushioning	● Natural Rubber (NR) A-01 ● Chloroprene Rubber (CR) B-01  ● Acrylonitrile Butadiene Rubber (NBR) B-02 ● Urethane Rubber (UR) C-03,04,05				
2	Rubber bands	● Various Thin Rubbers A-02				
3	Bridge collapse prevention buffers	● Chloroprene Rubber (CR) 55° B-01				
4	Cushioning materials and sealing materials	● Various Sponges B-04 ● Urethane Rubber (UR) C-03,04,05				
5	Medical care, foodstuffs and electrical equipment	Silicone Rubber (SR) C-01				
5	Semiconductors	● Fluoro Rubber (FR) C-02 ● Fluorine Sponge C-02				
5	Heat resistant seals	● Silicone Rubber (SR) C-01 ● Fluoro Rubber (FR) C-02				
6	Flame retardant (UL94V-0 / UL94HF-1 compatible products)	● ULCR B-02 ● CR Sponge B-04				
6	Heat insulation materials and heat resistant cushioning materials	● Silicone Sponge C-02				
7	Rollers	● Urethane Rubber (UR) C-03,04,05				
8	Floor mats and anti-skid devices	● B-YAMA Rubber B-03 ● Vinyl Pyramat E-01 ● Santoprene E-01				
9	Desk mats and curtains	● Various Conductive Rubbers D-01				
10	Conduction and static electricity prevention	● Various Conductive Rubbers D-01				
10	Soundproofing and non-slip effects	Smooth Vinyl and Pyramat E-01				
11	Shocks and vibrations (vibration prevention and control)	● Hanenite F-02				
12	Food Hygiene Law compliant products	● Butyl (IIR) White B-05 Ethylene Propylene (EPT / EPDM) White B-03				
12	Ministry of Health and Welfare Notification No. 201 (formerly No. 85)	Silicone Rubber (SR) Various C-01 Silicone Sponge Various C-02  *Varies depending on the manufacturer.				
		RoHS Support Sheets Cd Pb Hg Cr6+ PBBs PBDEs				
13	Environmental support sheets (RoHS compliant)	*Described separately with the symbol in the varieties and *Described separately with the symbol in the varieties and *Described separately with the symbol in the varieties and *Described separately Cadmium and Cadmium Compounds Compoun				
	*Please contact us any time for other	features column. (Control values current 5ppm 100ppm 100ppm 100ppm 100ppm 100ppm 100ppm				
	substances with an environmental burden	as of March 2010)  Below  Below  Below  Below  Below  Below  Below				



### Processing Examples Using Various Materials Stillicone (SR) Control of the Control of the





<sup>\*</sup>The sample shapes are just examples. It is possible to support all shapes and various materials.

<sup>\*</sup>Please see Technical Report I, II and other processing examples.



### MORITE Chemical Resistance of Silicone Rubber

Chemical	Conditions	Assessment
Acids		
Hydrochloric acid (35%)	25℃ [77°F]	×
Formic acid	70℃ [158°F]	Δ
Chromic acid (10%)	25℃ [77°F]	×
Nitric acid	25℃ [77°F]	×
Glacial acetic acid	25℃ [77°F]	×
Sulfuric acid (50%)	25℃ [77°F]	×
Alkalis		
Ammonia	25℃ [77°F]	0
Sodium hydroxide	70℃ [158°F]	×
Sodium hypochlorite	25℃ [77°F]	$\triangle$
Other inorganic chemicals		
Chlorine	25℃ [77°F]	×
Bromine	25℃ [77°F]	×
Water	70℃ [158°F]	0
Ketones and ethers		
Acetone	25℃ [77°F]	0
Methyl ethyl ketone	25℃ [77°F]	Δ
Methyl ether	25℃ [77°F]	$\triangle$

Chemical	Conditions	Assessment
Chlorinated solvents		T I S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
Methylene dichloride	25℃ [77°F]	0
Chloroform	25℃ [77°F]	×
Carbon tetrachloride	25℃ [77°F]	×
Trichloroethylene	25℃ [77°F]	×
Trichloroethane	25℃ [77°F]	×
Alcohols		
Isopropyl alcohol	25℃ [77°F]	0
Glycerin	70℃ [158°F]	0
Butyl alcohol	25℃ [77°F]	0
Ethyl alcohol	25℃ [77°F]	0
Methyl alcohol	25℃ [77°F]	0
Oils and fats		
Ethylene glycol	70℃ [158°F]	0
Silicone oil	70℃ [158°F]	$\triangle$
Cottonseed oil	70℃ [158°F]	0
ASTM No.3 oil	70℃ [158°F]	$\triangle$
JIS 1 oil	70℃ [158°F]	0

Chemical	Conditions	Assessment
Fuel oils		
Gasoline	25℃ [77°F]	$\triangle$
Heavy oil	25℃ [77°F]	0
Diesel oil	70℃ [158°F]	×
Aromatic hydrocarbons		
Benzene	25℃ [77°F]	×
Toluene	25℃ [77°F]	×
Xylene	25℃ [77°F]	×
Phenol (10%)	70℃ [158°F]	0
Aliphatic hydrocarbons		
n-hexane	25℃ [77°F]	×
Cyclohexane	25℃ [77°F]	×
Isooctane	25℃ [77°F]	0

- O: Chemicals with almost no impact
- O: Chemicals with a slight impact, but which are considered as not interfering in use
- $\triangle$ : Chemicals which cannot be recommended because there is an impact to a certain extent
- $\times$ : Chemicals with a significant affect and which are not suitable for use

In addition, the above-mentioned chemical resistance data denotes the rough chemical resistance behavior from the swelling ratio and other information and so it is not intended to be a guarantee of chemical resistance.

When using, please conduct experiments and similar that have taken into account the requirements, and then use upon confirming this.

### **Chemical Resistance of Fluorine Rubber**

Chemical	Conditions	Assessment
Acids		
Hydrochloric acid (35%)	40℃ [104℉]	0
Chromic acid (10%)	70℃ [158℉]	0
Nitric acid (60%)	25℃ [77℉]	0
Glacial acetic acid	25℃ [77℉]	×
Fluorine (50%)	40℃ [104°F]	$\circ$
Sulfuric acid (98%)	40℃ [104°F]	0
Alkalis		
Ammonia	40℃ [104°F]	$\circ$
Sodium hydroxide	40℃ [104℉]	*△~○
Sodium hypochlorite	40℃ [104°F]	0
Other inorganic chemicals		
Chlorine	25℃ [77℉]	$\circ$
Bromine	25℃ [77℉]	0
Water	100℃ [212°F]	0
Ketones, ethers and amines		
Acetone	40℃ [104°F]	×
Methyl ethyl ketone	40℃ [104°F]	×
Methyl ether	25℃ [77°F]	×
N-methylpyrrolidone	25℃ [77℉]	×

Chemical	Conditions	Assessment
Chlorinated solvents		
Methylene chloride	40℃ [104°F]	*×~
Chloroform	40℃ [104°F]	*△~○
Carbon tetrachloride	40℃ [104°F]	0
Trichlorethylene	40℃ [104°F]	0
Trichloroethane	40℃ [104°F]	*○~◎
Alcohols		
Isopropyl alcohol	25℃ [77℉]	0
Glycerin	70℃ [158℉]	0
Butyl alcohol	40℃ [104°F]	0
Ethyl alcohol	40℃ [104°F]	0
Methyl alcohol	40℃ [104°F]	*△~○
Oils and fats		
Ethylene glycol	70℃ [158℉]	0
Silicone oil	175℃ [347°F]	0
Cottonseed oil	175℃ [347°F]	0
ASTM No.3 oil	175℃ [347°F]	0
JIS 1 oil	175℃ [347°F]	0

Chemical	Conditions	Assessment
Fuel oils		
Gasoline	40℃ [104°F]	$\bigcirc$
Kerosene	40℃ [104°F]	0
Fuel A	40℃ [104°F]	0
Aromatic hydrocarbons		
Benzene	40℃ [104°F]	*△~◎
Toluene	40℃ [104°F]	*△~◎
Xylene	40℃ [104°F]	*○~◎
Phenol (10%)	70℃ [158℉]	$\bigcirc$
Aliphatic hydrocarbons		
n-hexane	25℃ [77°F]	0
Cyclohexane	25℃ [77°F]	$\bigcirc$
Isooctane	25℃ [77°F]	$\circ$

- O: Chemicals with almost no impact
- O: Chemicals with a slight impact, but which are considered as not interfering in use
- $\triangle$ : Chemicals which cannot be recommended because there is an impact to a certain extent
- X: Chemicals with a significant affect and which are not suitable for use
- \*: Variations result due to the material grade

In addition, the above-mentioned chemical resistance data denotes the rough chemical resistance behavior from the swelling ratio and other information and so it is not intended to be a guarantee of chemical resistance.

When using, please conduct experiments and similar that have taken into account the requirements, and then use upon confirming this.



### MORITE Chemical Resistance of Various Rubber Materials

Chemical	N R	C R	NBR	EPT (EPDM)	IIR	CSM	U R
Acetaldehyde	$\triangle$	×	×	0	©	$\triangle$	×
Acetone	0	$\triangle$	×	0			×
Aniline	$\triangle$	×	×	0	0	Δ	×
Linseed oil (100°C [212°F])	×	×	0	Δ		0	0
Sulfurous acid	0	0	0	0	0	0	×
Hydrochloric acid (10%, RT)	×	Δ	0			0	$\triangle$
Concentrated hydrochloric acid (36%, RT)	×		0	0		0	$\triangle$
Chlorobenzene	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Gasoline	×	$\triangle$	0	×	×	×	0
Hydrogen peroxide (5%, RT)	©	0	0	©	0	©	_
Formic acid (25%, RT)		0	0	0		0	×
Xylene	×	×	×	×	×	×	$\triangle$
Chromic acid (10%, 70°C [158°F])	×	×	×	Δ	$\triangle$	0	×
Cresol	×	$\triangle$	Δ	×	×	Δ	×
Acetic acid (10%, RT)	0	0	0		©	0	×
Ethyl acetate	×	×	×	0	0	×	×
Bromine	×	×	×	×	$\triangle$	×	×
Carbon tetrachloride	×	×	×	×	$\triangle$	×	Δ
Ammonium hydroxide	×	0	0	0	©	0	0
Calcium hydroxide	©	0	0	0	©	0	0
Sodium hydroxide (30%, RT)	0	0	0		©	0	×
Nitric acid (10%, RT)	×	0	Δ		©	0	×
Concentrated nitric acid (60%, RT)	×	×	×	Δ	$\triangle$	$\triangle$	×
Fuming nitric acid (RT)	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Cyclohexane	×	×	×		$\bigcirc$	$\triangle$	×
Dibutyl phthalate	×	×	×	0	$\bigcirc$	×	_
Diethyl ether	×	$\triangle$	0	Δ	$\triangle$	0	0
Toluene	×	×	×	×	×	×	Δ
Triethanolamine	0	0	0	0	0	0	×
Hydroquinone	0	×	Δ	-	_	×	_
Butane	×	0	0	×	×	0	0
Propane	×	0	0	×	×	0	Δ
Benzene (benzol)	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Methyl alcohol	0	0	0	0	0	0	×
Sulfuric acid (10%, RT)	$\triangle$	0	Δ	0	0	0	Δ
Concentrated sulfuric acid (98%, RT)	×	×	×	Δ	$\circ$	Δ	×
Fuming sulfuric acid (RT)	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Phosphoric acid (75%, RT)	0	0	0	Δ	_	0	0
: Chemicals with almost no impact		<del></del>	1				

In addition, the above-mentioned chemical resistance data denotes the rough chemical resistance behavior from the swelling ratio and other information and so it is not intended to be a guarantee of chemical resistance.

When using, please conduct experiments and similar that have taken into account the requirements, and then use upon confirming this.

\*RT: Room temperature

<sup>©:</sup> Chemicals with almost no impact

O: Chemicals with a slight impact, but which are considered as not interfering in use

<sup>△:</sup> Chemicals which cannot be recommended because there is an impact to a certain extent

X: Chemicals with a significant affect and which are not suitable for use





Natural Rubber (NR)

Hardness:  $A65^{\circ} - 70^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 0.5 - 120 (Varies depending on the color)

Colors: Black / Red / White / Green

\*Inexpensive as a rubber material Features:

**Application Examples** (Black / Red / White / Green) Seals, rubber mats,

industrial cushioning

Processing Difficulty (Black): Cutting and Cutting **Bonding** Grinding 0

Processing Difficulty (Red / White / Green):

Cutting	Cutting and Grinding	Bonding	
0	0	0	

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): (Black) 3.7(38) / (Red) 7.7(79) / (White) 6.1(62) / (Green) 7.6(78)

EB (Elongation at break): (Black) 300% / (Red) 620% / (White) 580% / (Green) 590%

CS The figures in parenthesis ( ) are the test conditions: (Black) 34 ( $70^{\circ}$ C [ $158^{\circ}$ F]  $\times$  22h) / (Red) 29 ( $70^{\circ}$ C [ $158^{\circ}$ F]  $\times$  22h) (White) 36 ( $70^{\circ}$ C [ $158^{\circ}$ F]  $\times$  22h) / (Green) 33 ( $70^{\circ}$ C [ $158^{\circ}$ F]  $\times$  22h)

Rebound elasticity: (Black) 30%

#### Soft Black Rubber (NR)

Hardness:  $A50^{\circ}(\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 1-60

Features:

\*Inexpensive as a rubber

**Application Examples** 

**Physical Properties Data** 

Seals, rubber mats, industrial cushioning **Processing Difficulty:** Cutting and Cutting Bonding Grinding 0

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 8.3 (85)

EB (Elongation at break): 570% CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 30 ( $70^{\circ}$ C [ $158^{\circ}$ F]  $\times$  22h)

#### Cloth Inserted Black Rubber (NB)

Hardness:  $A65^{\circ}(\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 1-15\*Cloth insertion reduces Features: |

elongation Processing Difficulty

**Application Examples** Seals, rubber mats, in-pressure gaskets, rubber covers

r rocessing Difficulty.				
Cutting	Cutting and Grinding	Bonding		
0	0	0		

**Physical Properties Data** 

\*The rubber is the same as the Natural Rubber (NR) Black

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): Tetoron cloth 32.3

EB (Elongation at break): 11%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are the test conditions: —

#### Abrasion Resistance (BR)

Hardness:  $A65^{\circ}(\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 2-50

Strong abrasion resistance Features: | compared to the Regular Sheet

**Application Examples** 

**Processing Difficulty:** 

Rubber mats, gravel conveyor belts

**Cutting and** Cutting Bonding Grinding

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 13.9 (142)

EB (Elongation at break): 410%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 20 ( $70^{\circ}$ C [ $158^{\circ}$ F]  $\times$  22h)

Loss in quantity of abrasion in an Akron abrasion test cc/1000 times: 0.460

Note: Abrasion resistance

### White Spring Fine Quality 60% Hardness: A40° (±5°) Thickness: 2–50

Features:



**Application Examples** Application Examples Hopper lining

**Processing Difficulty: Cutting and** Cutting Bonding Grinding

**Physical Properties Data** TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 15.6 (159)

EB (Elongation at break): 700% CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 17 (70°C [158°F]  $\times$  22h)





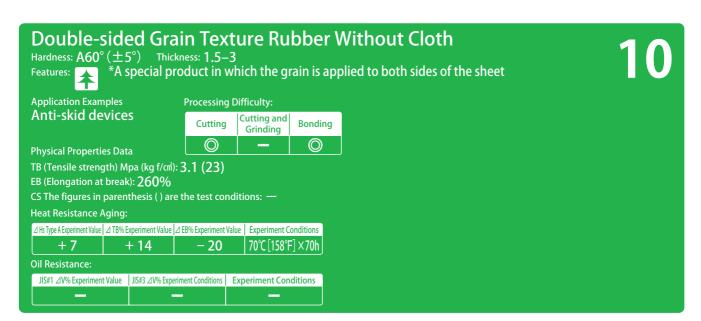
# **A-02**















#### Chloroprene Rubber (CR)

Hardness:  $A60^{\circ} - A65^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 0.3 - 120 (Varies depending on the color) Colors: Black / White / Ash

0

**Application Examples** 

**Features:** 

Seals, outdoor rubber mats

М	Processing Difficulty (black):			
	Cutting	Cutting and Grinding	Bonding	

0

Processing Difficulty (White / Ash):

Cutting	Cutting and Grinding	Bonding
0		

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): (Black) 8.2 (84) / (White) 7.3 (74) / (Ash) 7.4 (75)

EB (Elongation at break): (Black) 330% / (White) 620% / (Ash) 600%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: (Black) 15 (70°C [158°F]  $\times$  22h) / (White) 23 (70°C [158°F]  $\times$  22h) / (Ash) 28 (70°C [158°F]  $\times$  22h)

**Heat Resistance Aging:** 

∠ Hs Type A Experiment Value	△ TB% Experiment Value	∠ EB% Experiment Value	Experiment Conditions
(Black) $+13$ / (White) $+13$ / (Ash) $+13$	(Black) -2 / (White) -11 / (Ash) -11	(Black) -26 / (White) -20 / (Ash) -20	(Black) 100°C [212°F] ×70h / (White) 100°C [212°F] ×70h / (Ash) 100°C [212°F] ×70h
Oil Resistance:			

0

JIS#1 △V% Experiment Value | JIS#3 △V% Experiment Conditions |

**Experiment Conditions** 

 $\frac{\text{(Black)} + 14}{\text{(White)} + 10} / \text{(Ash)} + 10 / \text{(Black)} + 86/\text{(White)} + 89/\text{(Ash)} + 89/\text{ (Ash)} + 89/\text{ (Black)} + 100^{\circ}\text{C} [212^{\circ}\text{F}] \times 70\text{h}/\text{(White)} + 100^{\circ}\text{C} [212^{\circ}\text{F}] \times 70\text{h}/\text{(Ash)} + 100^{\circ}\text{C} [212^{\circ}\text{F}] \times$ 

#### Chloroprene Rubber (CR) 45 Hardness: $A45^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$ Thickness: 1-60Features:

**Application Examples** Seals. outdoor rubber mats **Processing Difficulty:** Cutting and Grinding Cutting Bonding 0

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 5.5 (56)

EB (Elongation at break): 380%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are the test conditions:  $69 (100^{\circ}\text{C} [212^{\circ}\text{F}] \times 24\text{h})$ 

Heat Resistance Aging: △ Hs Type A Experiment Value △ TB% Experiment Value △ EB% Experiment Value │ Experiment Conditions

**Physical Properties Data** 

+6 **-14** | 100°C [212°F] ×72h - 4 Oil Resistance: JIS#1 △V% Experiment Value | JIS#3 △V% Experiment Conditions | Experiment Conditions

Chloroprene Rubber (CR) 80°

Hardness:  $A80^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 1 - 30

Features:

**Processing Difficulty:** Cutting and Grinding Cutting Bonding

 $\bigcirc$ 

**Physical Properties Data** 

Seals, cushioning

**Application Examples** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 8.6(88)

EB (Elongation at break): 310%

CS The figures in parenthesis ( ) are the test conditions:  $15 (70^{\circ}\text{C} [158^{\circ}\text{F}] \times 22\text{h})$ 

 $\bigcirc$ 

Heat Resistance Aging:

△ Hs Type A Experiment Value │ △ TB% Experiment Value │ △ EB% Experiment Value │ Experiment Conditions +4 - 36 | 100°C [212°F] ×70h|

Oil Resistance:

JIS#1 △V% Experiment Value | JIS#3 △V% Experiment Conditions | Experiment Conditions +98 100°C [212°F] ×70h +17

#### Chloroprene Rubber (CR) 90°

Hardness:  $A90^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 1 - 50

**Application Examples** Seals, cushioning **Processing Difficulty:** 

**Cutting and** Cutting **Bonding** Grinding  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$ 

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 8.4(86)

EB (Elongation at break): 190%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are the test conditions: 33 ( $70^{\circ}$ C [ $158^{\circ}$ F]  $\times$  22h)

**Heat Resistance Aging:** 

△ Hs Type A Experiment Value △ TB% Experiment Value △ EB% Experiment Value Experiment Conditions 100°C [212°F] ×70h + 2

Oil Resistance:

JIS#1 △V% Experiment Value | JIS#3 △V% Experiment Conditions | Experiment Conditions +82100°C [212°F] ×70h +11





Hardness:  $A55^{\circ}$  ( $\pm 5^{\circ}$ ) Thickness: 50

Features:

**Application Examples** Bridge collapse prevention buffer rubber

**Processing Difficulty:** 

Cutting and Grinding Cutting **Bonding**  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$ **Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm²): 7.8(80)

EB (Elongation at break): 550%

CS The figures in parenthesis ( ) are the test conditions:  $14 (70^{\circ}\text{C} [158^{\circ}\text{F}] \times 22\text{h})$ 

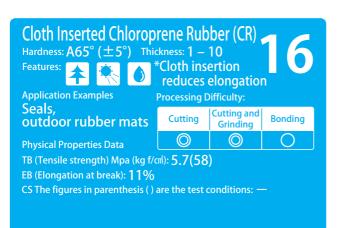
**Heat Resistance Aging:** 

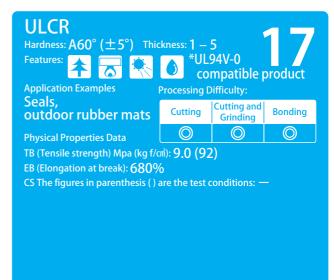
△ Hs Type A Experiment Value | △ TB% Experiment Value | △ EB% Experiment Value | Experiment Conditions +9 70°C [158°F] ×70h -20

Oil Resistance:

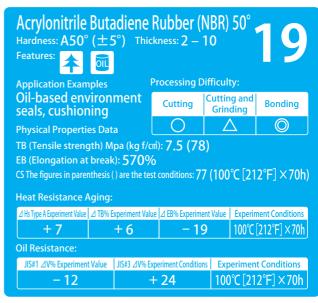
JIS#1 △V% Experiment Value | JIS#3 △V% Experiment Conditions | Experiment Conditions +51 100°C [212°F] ×70h +18



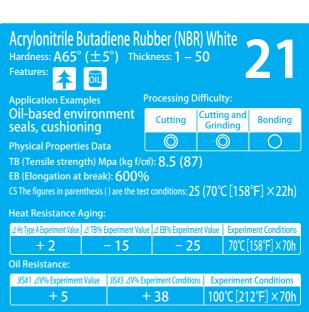


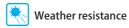








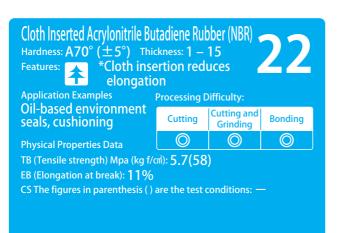


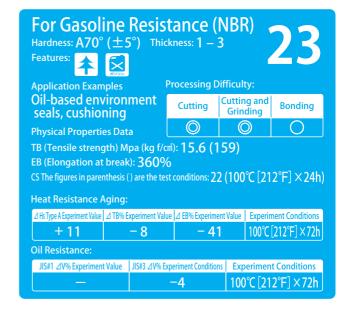














Hardness:  $A60^{\circ} - A65^{\circ}$  ( $\pm 5^{\circ}$ ) Thickness: 1 - 50 (Varies depending on the color) Colors: Black / White / Ash

**Processing Difficulty (Black)** 

**Application Examples** 

Features:

(Black / Ash) Seals and gaskets for marine and outdoor environments

(White) Foodstuff compatible Ministry of Health and Welfare Notification No. 201 (formerly No. 85)

Cutting and Cutting Bonding Grinding 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): (Black) 12.8 (131) / (White) 9.2 (94) / (Ash) 8.6 (91)

EB (Elongation at break): (Black) 490% / (White) 570% / (Ash) 650%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are the test conditions: (Black) 10 (70°C [158°F] ×22h) / (White) 42 (70°C [158°F] ×22h) / (Ash) 20 (70°C [158°F] ×22h)

**Heat Resistance Aging:** 

△ Hs Type A Experiment Value	∠ TB% Experiment Value	∠ EB% Experiment Value	Experiment Conditions
(Black) $+4$ / (White) $+6$ / (Ash) $+5$	(Black) +10 / (White) -17 / (Ash) -5	(Black) -19 / (White) -25 / (Ash) -19	(Black) 100°C [212°F] × 70h / (White) 100°C [212°F] × 70h / (Ash) 100°C [212°F] × 70h

#### **B-YAMA Rubber**

Hardness:  $A70^{\circ} - A75^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$ Thickness: 3 – 5 (Varies depending on the color) Colors: Black / Ash / Green

Features:



Floor mats, anti-skid devices

Processing Difficulty (Black):

Cutting and Grinding Bonding Cutting 0

**Physical Properties Data** 

**Application Examples** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm²): (Black) 5.8 (59) / (Ash) 4.9 (50) / (Green) 4.9 (50)

EB (Elongation at break): (Black) 250% / (Ash) 400% / (Green) 400%

CS The figures in parenthesis ( ) are the test conditions: (Black) - / (Ash) - / (Green) -





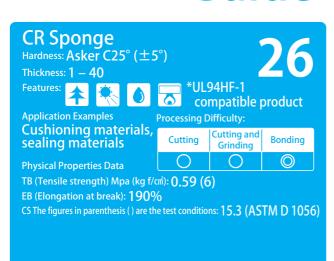


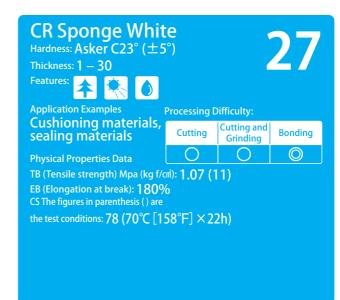


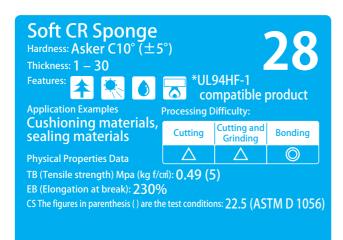




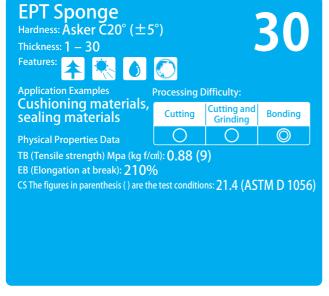
# **B-04**

























Chloro-sulfonated Polyethylene Rubber (CSM) \*Popular name = Hypalon

Hardness:  $A70^{\circ}$  ( $\pm 5^{\circ}$ ) Thickness:  $1 - 10^{\circ}$ 

Features: 

**Application Examples** 

Chemical resistant (acid resistant) seals

**Processing Difficulty (Black):** Cutting and Grinding Cutting Bonding

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 11 (112)

EB (Elongation at break): 290%

CS The figures in parenthesis ( ) are the test conditions: 77 ( $100^{\circ}$ C [ $212^{\circ}$ F]  $\times$  22h)

Isobutene-isoprene Rubber (IIR)

Hardness:  $A65^{\circ}$  ( $\pm 5^{\circ}$ ) Thickness: 1-25

**Features:** 

**Application Examples** Gas pipes, acid resistant seals

**Processing Difficulty:** 

Cutting and Grinding Cutting Bonding 0

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 7.5 (77)

EB (Elongation at break): 380% CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions:  $40 (100^{\circ}C [212^{\circ}F] \times 22h)$ 

Isobutene-isoprene Rubber (IIR) White

Hardness:  $A65^{\circ}$  ( $\pm 5^{\circ}$ ) Thickness: 1-3

Features:

**Processing Difficulty:** 

**Application Examples** Gas pipes, acid

resistant seals

Cutting and Grinding Cutting Bonding 0

**Physical Properties Data** TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 9.1 (93)

EB (Elongation at break): 630%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are the test conditions: —

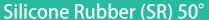
Note: Heat resistance and chemical resistance











Hardness:  $A50^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 0.3 - 60





**Processing Difficulty:** 

**Application Examples** Medical care, foodstuffs and electrical equipment, heat resistant seals

Cutting and Cutting **Bonding** Grinding 0

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm²): 8.8 (90)

EB (Elongation at break): 330%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions:  $16 (180^{\circ}C [356^{\circ}F] \times 22h)$ 

Note: Heat resistance and chemical resistance Available for use in a wide temperature range of -60 – 200°C

#### Silicone Rubber (SR) 60°

Hardness:  $A60^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 1-5

**Application Examples** Medical care, foodstuffs and electrical equipment, heat resistant seals

**Processing Difficulty:** Cutting and Grinding Cutting **Bonding**  $\bigcirc$ 

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 6.9 (70)

EB (Elongation at break): 230%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 13 (180°C [356°F]  $\times$  22h)

Note: Heat resistance and chemical resistance Available for use in a wide temperature range of -60 – 200°C

#### Silicone Rubber (SR) 70°

Hardness:  $A70^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 0.5 - 60

Features:



**Processing Difficulty:** 

**Application Examples** Medical care, foodstuffs and electrical equipment, heat resistant seals

Cutting and Cutting Bonding Grinding  $\bigcirc$ 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 7.4 (75)

EB (Elongation at break): 300% CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 13 (180°C [356°F]  $\times$  22h)

Note: Heat resistance and chemical resistance Available for use in a wide temperature range of -60 - 200°C

#### Silicone Rubber (SR) 40°

Hardness:  $A40^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 10

Features:

**Application Examples** Medical care, foodstuffs and electrical equipment,

Cutting and Grinding Cutting Bonding

**Processing Difficulty:** 

heat resistant seals **Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 7.7 (79)

EB (Elongation at break): 430% CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 18 (180°C [356°F]  $\times$  22h)

Note: Heat resistance and chemical resistance Available for use in a wide temperature range of -60 - 200°C

#### Red Silicone Rubber (SR) 50

Hardness:  $A50^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 0.5 - 30

Features:



Medical care, foodstuffs **Cutting and** Cutting **Bonding** Grinding and electrical equipment.

heat resistant seals **Physical Properties Data** 

**Application Examples** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 9.3 (95)

EB (Elongation at break): 350%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 17 (180°C [356°F]  $\times$  22h)

Note: Heat resistance and chemical resistance Available for use in a wide temperature range of -60 - 200°C

#### Tear Resistant Silicone Rubber

Hardness:  $A43^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 1-5

Features:

\*Resistant to tearing **Processing Difficulty:** 

**Application Examples** Electronic equipment

components, food chutes

Cutting and Cutting Bonding Grinding

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm²): 10.2 (104)

EB (Elongation at break): 670%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are the test conditions: —

Note: Heat resistance and chemical resistance



#### Silicone Rubber Sponge

Hardness:  $E35^{\circ} (+10^{\circ} - 5^{\circ})$ 

Thickness: 2 - 20

Features:



**Application Examples** 

Heat insulating materials, heat resistant cushioning materials

Cutting	Cutting and Grinding	Bonding
0	$\triangle$	0

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 2.1 (21)

EB (Elongation at break): 300%

the test conditions:  $19 (150^{\circ}C [302^{\circ}F] \times 24h)$ 

Note: Heat resistance and chemical resistance Available for use in a wide temperature range of -60 - 200°C

#### White Silicone Rubber Sponge

Hardness:  $E35^{\circ} (+10^{\circ} - 5^{\circ})$ 

Thickness: 3 - 5

Features:



**Application Examples** 

Heat insulating materials, heat resistant cushioning materials

Cutting and Grinding Cutting Bonding

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 2.1 (21)

EB (Elongation at break): 300%

the test conditions: 19 (150°C [302°F]  $\times$  24h)

Note: Heat resistance and chemical resistance Available for use in a wide temperature range of -60 - 200°C

#### Silicone Rubber Sponge 15

Hardness: E15° ( $\pm$ 5°) Thickness: 2 – 30

**Features:** 







**Application Examples** Heat insulating materials, heat resistant cushioning materials



TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 1 (10.2)

EB (Elongation at break): 250%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 8 (150°C [302°F]  $\times$  24h)

Note: Heat resistance and chemical resistance Available for use in a wide temperature range of -60 - 200°C

#### Fluoro Rubber (FR)

Hardness:  $A80^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 0.5 - 50

Features:



**Application Examples** 

Corrosion resistant and chemical resistant seals, semiconductor-related products



**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 12.5 (128)

EB (Elongation at break): 330% CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 20 (150°C  $\lceil 302°F \rceil \times 70h$ )

Note: Heat resistance and chemical resistance Heat resistance aging is superior to Silicone

#### Fluorine Sponge

Hardness:  $E35^{\circ}$  ( $\pm 10^{\circ}$ ) Thickness: 2-10

Features:

**Application Examples** 





Heat-resistant cushions semiconductor-related products

Tocessing Difficulty.			
Cutting	Cutting and Grinding	Bonding	
0	Δ	0	

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm²): 2.77 (28.3)

EB (Elongation at break): 210%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 88 (150°C [302°F]  $\times$  70h)

Note: Heat resistance and chemical resistance

#### Aflas

Hardness:  $A80^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 3







resistance

**Application Examples** Heat-resistant polluted environment and

steam pipe seals

Cutting	Cutting and Grinding	Bonding
0	0	0

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 17.6 (180)

EB (Elongation at break): 210% CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 27 (150°C [302°F]  $\times$  22h)

Note: Heat resistance and chemical resistance









Ether-based Urethane Rubber (UR) 90°

Hardness:  $A90^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 1 - 100



**Application Examples** Seals, cushioning, sealing materials, rollers

**Processing Difficulty:** 

Cutting	Cutting and Grinding	Bonding
0	0	0

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm²): 35.1 (358)

EB (Elongation at break): 430%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 30 (70°C [158°F]  $\times$  24h)

Loss in quantity of abrasion in an Akron abrasion test cc/1000 times: 0.05

Rebound elasticity: 37%

Ether-based Urethane Rubber (UR) 90

Hardness:  $A90^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 1 - 100

**Application Examples** Seals, cushioning, sealing materials, rollers

**Processing Difficulty:** Cutting and Grinding Cutting **Bonding** 0 0

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 52.1 (532)

EB (Elongation at break): 430%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 27 (70°C [158°F]  $\times$  24h)

Loss in quantity of abrasion in an Akron abrasion test cc/1000 times: 0.034

Rebound elasticity: 34%

Ester-based Urethane Rubber (UR) 70°

Hardness:  $A70^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 1 - 50

Features:



**Application Examples** Seals, cushioning, sealing materials, rollers

**Processing Difficulty:** 

Cutting	Cutting and Grinding	Bonding
0	0	0

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 27.7 (283)

EB (Elongation at break): 630%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 28 ( $70^{\circ}$ C [ $158^{\circ}$ F]  $\times$  24h)

Loss in quantity of abrasion in an Akron abrasion test cc/1000 times: 0.055

Rebound elasticity: 50%

Ester-based Urethane Rubber (UR) 60°

Hardness:  $A60^{\circ}$  ( $\pm 5^{\circ}$ ) Thickness: 1-50

Features:



**Application Examples** Seals, cushioning, sealing materials, rollers

Cutting	Cutting and Grinding	Bonding
0	Δ	0

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm²): 23.7 (242)

EB (Elongation at break): 740%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 37 (70°C [158°F]  $\times$  24h)

Loss in quantity of abrasion in an Akron abrasion test cc/1000 times: 0.057

Rebound elasticity: 40%

Ester-based Urethane Rubber (UR) 50

Hardness:  $A50^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$  Thickness: 1 - 50

Features:

rollers





Processing Difficulty:

Cutting	Cutting and Grinding	Bonding
0	$\triangle$	0

Seals, cushioning,

sealing materials,

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm²): 26.6 (271)

EB (Elongation at break): 610%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 3 (70°C [158°F]  $\times$  24h)

Loss in quantity of abrasion in an Akron abrasion test cc/1000 times: 0.057

Rebound elasticity: 50%

Thermoplastic Urethane Rubber Sheet

Hardness:  $A90^{\circ}$  ( $\pm 5^{\circ}$ ) Thickness: 0.3 - 0.5 Features:  $200^{\circ}$  \*Load bearing



capacity

**Application Examples** 

Seals, cushioning, sealing materials, rollers

**Processing Difficulty:** 

Only cutting is possible because the thickness is thin at 0.3T – 0.5T Bonding is performed with lap joints

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 45 (459)

EB (Elongation at break): 680%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are

the test conditions: 3 (70°C [158°F]  $\times$  22h)

Loss in quantity of abrasion in an Akron abrasion test cc/1000 times: 0.02

Rebound elasticity: 52%



#### **Urethane Rubber 98°**

Hardness:  $A98^{\circ}$  ( $\pm 5^{\circ}$ )

Thickness: Various sheets, round poles and pipes

**Features:** 



\*Ether-based

**Application Examples** Seals, cushioning, sealing materials, rollers

**Processing Difficulty:** 

Cutting and Grinding Bonding Cutting 0

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 50.8 (518)

EB (Elongation at break): 320%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are the test conditions: —

#### Urethane Rubber 95°

Hardness: A95° (±5°)

Thickness: Various sheets, round poles and pipes

Features:

\*Ether-based

**Application Examples** Seals, cushioning, sealing materials, rollers

Cutting	Cutting and Grinding	Bonding
0	0	0

Cutting and

Grinding

 $\bigcirc$ 

Bonding

Cuttina

 $\bigcirc$ 

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 43.4 (443)

EB (Elongation at break): 460%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are the test conditions: —

#### **Urethane Rubber 90°**

Hardness: A90°(生5°)

Thickness: Various sheets, round poles and pipes



\*Ether-based

**Processing Difficulty:** 

**Application Examples** Seals, cushioning, Cutting and Cutting Bonding Grinding sealing materials, rollers  $\bigcirc$  $\bigcirc$ 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 11.5 (117)

EB (Elongation at break): 730%

CS The figures in parenthesis ( ) are the test conditions: —

#### Urethane Rubber 80°

Hardness:  $A80^{\circ}$  ( $\pm 5^{\circ}$ )

Thickness: Various sheets, round poles and pipes

\*Ether-based

**Application Examples** 

Seals, cushioning, sealing materials,

rollers

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 45.9 (468)

EB (Elongation at break): 490%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are the test conditions: —

#### **Urethane Rubber 70°**

Hardness:  $A70^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$ 

Thickness: Various sheets, round poles and pipes





\*Ether-based

**Application Examples** Seals, cushioning, sealing materials,

**Processing Difficulty:** 

Cutting	Cutting and Grinding	Bonding
0	0	0

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 15.2 (155)

EB (Elongation at break): 910%

CS The figures in parenthesis ( ) are the test conditions: —

#### **Urethane Rubber 60°**

Hardness:  $A60^{\circ}$  ( $\pm 5^{\circ}$ )

Thickness: Various sheets, round poles and pipes



Seals, cushioning,

sealing materials,

rollers



\*Ether-based



Cutting and Bonding Grinding

Physical Properties Data

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm²): 43.3 (442)

EB (Elongation at break): 610%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are the test conditions: —





#### Urethane Rubber 50°

Hardness: A50° (±5°)

Thickness: Various sheets, round poles and pipes



\*Ether-based

**Processing Difficulty:** Cutting and Grinding Bonding Cutting

**Physical Properties Data** 

rollers

Seals, cushioning,

sealing materials,

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 27.4 (279)

EB (Elongation at break): 570%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are the test conditions: —

#### **Urethane Rubber 40°**

Hardness: A40° (±5°)

Thickness: Various sheets, round poles and pipes

\*Ether-based Features:

**Processing Difficulty:** 

Seals, cushioning, sealing materials, rollers

Cutting and Grinding Bonding Cutting

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 23.2 (237)

EB (Elongation at break): 640%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are the test conditions: —

#### **Urethane Rubber 30°**

Hardness:  $A30^{\circ} (\pm 5^{\circ})$ 

Thickness: Various sheets, round poles and pipes

\*Ether-based

**Application Examples** Seals, cushioning, sealing materials,

**Processing Difficulty:** 

Cutting and Cutting Bonding Grinding

**Physical Properties Data** 

rollers

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm²):  $4.1 \overline{(42)}$ 

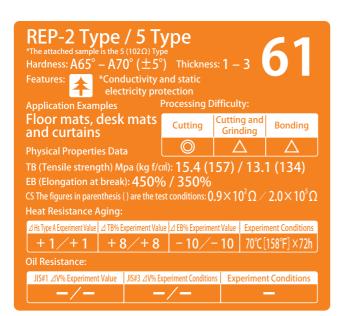
EB (Elongation at break): 680%

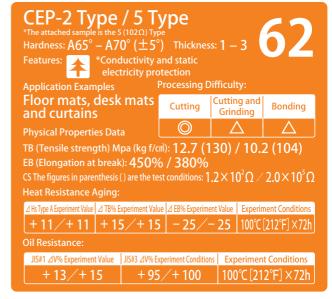
CS The figures in parenthesis ( ) are the test conditions: —





# D-01

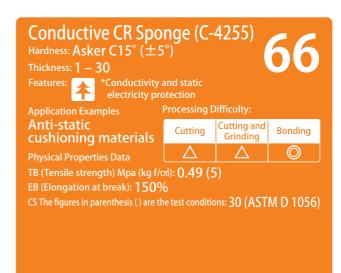














Soft Vinyl Chloride

Hardness: around A80° ( $\pm 5$ °) Thickness: 0.3 – 5 (Varies depending on the color)

Colors: Transparent / Gray / Milk / Black

Processing Difficulty (Black):

**Application Examples** Desk mats, curtains

Cutting	Cutting and Grinding	Bonding
0	_	Δ

**Physical Properties Data** 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cni): (Transparent) 22 (224) / (Gray) 18 (184) / (Milk) 18 (184) / (Black) 18 (184)

EB (Elongation at break): (Transparent) 380% / (Gray) 410% / (Milk) 410% / (Black) 410%

Note: Physical properties value of a thickness at 1t

#### Santoprene Black

Hardness:  $A65^{\circ}$  ( $\pm 5^{\circ}$ )

\* Elastomer with abrasivity

**Application Examples** Floor mats

**Processing Difficulty:** 

Cutting and Bonding Cutting Grinding  $\odot$ 

TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): 16.5 (168)

EB (Elongation at break): 480%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are the test conditions: —

#### Flat Vinyl Mat Green

Hardness: -(-)

Thickness: 1.2 - 2

Features:

**Application Examples** Soundproofing and

non-slip effects, floor mats, desk mats **Processing Difficulty:** 



TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm²): 2.3 (23)

EB (Elongation at break): 240%

CS The figures in parenthesis () are the test conditions: —

#### **Vinyl Pyramat**

Hardness: -(-) Thickness: 1.4 - 2 (Varies depending on the color)

Colors: Green / Black / White

Soundproofing and non-slip effects



Processing Difficulty (Black):

**Cutting and** Cutting Bonding Grinding

**Application Examples** 

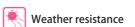
TB (Tensile strength) Mpa (kg f/cm): (Green) 1.2 (12) / (Black) 1.2 (12) / (White) 1.2 (12)

EB (Elongation at break): (Green) 159% / (Black) 159% / (White) 159%

CS The figures in parenthesis ( ) are the test conditions: (Green) - / (Black) - / (White) -

**RoHS** compliant





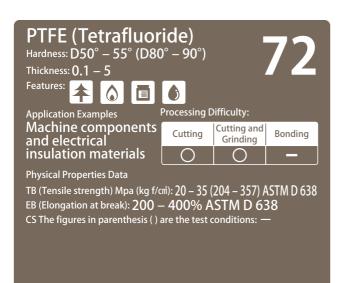


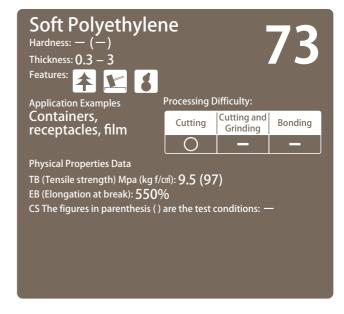
# E-02





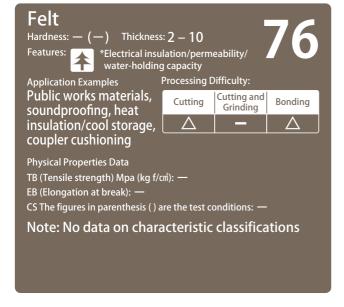
# F-01

















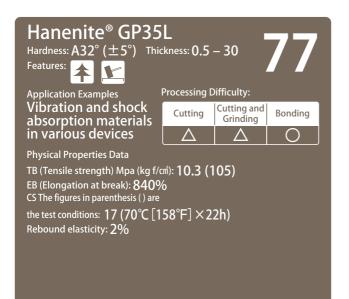


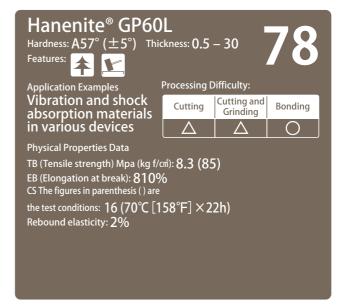


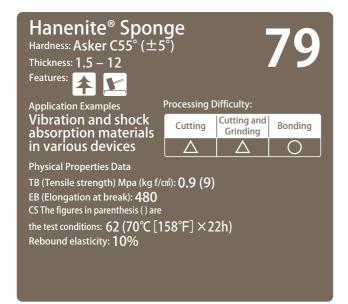




# F-02











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